

AT91SAM7X-EK softpack 1.5 代码解读之 DATAFLASH

——基于 SAM7X-EK 和 IAR EWARM

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文档摘要	基于 AT91SAM7X-EK 开发板的代码解读，SPI DATAFLASH 代码解读				
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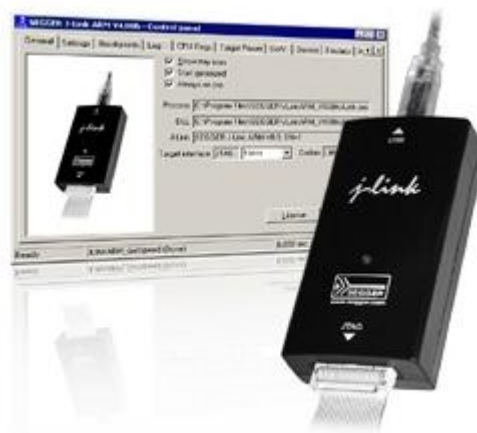
更新历史

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1.概述

本文档以 SAM7X-EK 为硬件平台，IAR EWARM 为编译器平台，使用 J-Link 作为调试工具，演示并解读 AT91SAM7X256 的 SPI-DATAFLASH 操作流程。

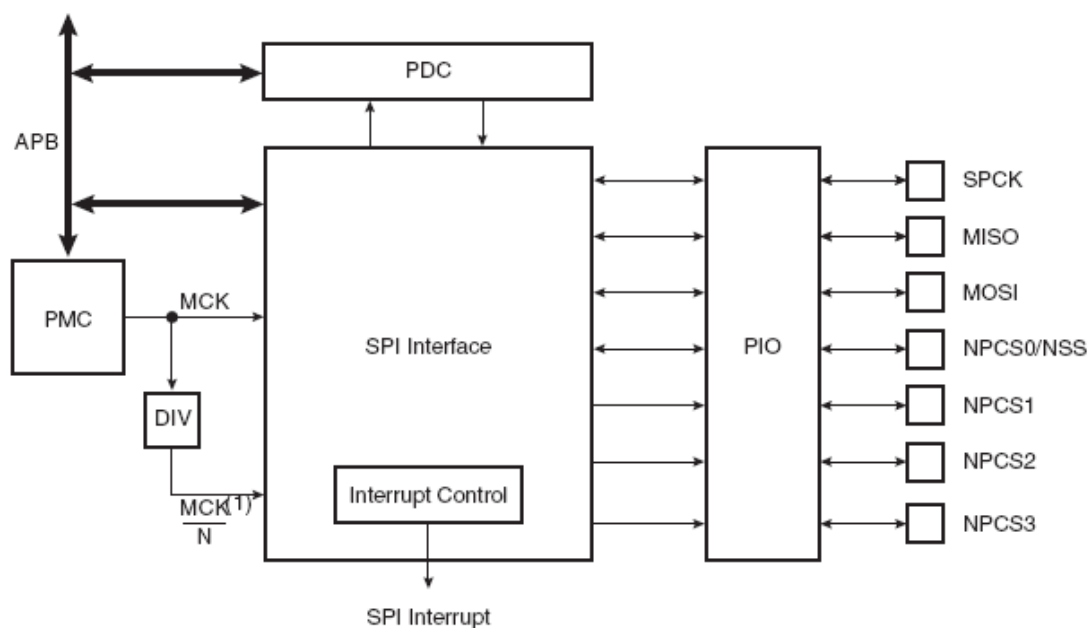


2. SPI 操作

2.1 SPI 操作流程介绍

串行外设接口(SPI)电路是一种可在主机或从机模式下与外部器件进行通讯的数据链接。可通过该接口与外部处理器进行高速通讯。SPI 实质上是一个将串行传输数据位发送到其它 SPI 的移位寄存器。数据传输时，一个 SPI 系统作为“主机”控制数据流，其它 SPI 作为“从机”，主机控制数据的移入与移出。不同的 CPU 可轮流作为主机(多主机协议与单主机协议不同，单主机协议中只有一个 CPU 始终作为主机，其它 CPU 始终作为从机)，且一个主机可同时将数据移入多个从机。但只允许单个从机将其数据写入主机。

SPI 的方框图：



2.2 PWM 操作的目的与功能描述

AT91 softpack 1.5 的 SAM7X-EK 包内的 basic-sd-dataflash-project 工程的功能是擦除一页并写入数据，再读出来看是否正确。

2.3 示例代码

以下代码截取自 AT91 softpack 1.5 的 SAM7X-EK 包内的 basic-sd-spi-project，并由以上工程改写过来的代码，基于 IAR EWARM 平台

2.3.1 main 函数代码注释解读

下面对 basic-spi-dataflash-project 的主要代码进行改写注释解读，首先是 main 函数内容：

```
int main()
{
    /* Begin
    int i;

    // First, enable the clock of the PIO
    AT91F_PMC_EnablePeriphClock ( AT91C_BASE_PMC, 1 << AT91C_ID_PIOA );

    // then, we configure the PIO Lines corresponding to LED1 to LED4
    // to be outputs. No need to set these pins to be driven by the PIO because it is GPIO pins only.
```

```

AT91F_PIO_CfgOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, AT91B_LED_MASK );

// Clear the LED's. On the EB55 we must apply a "1" to turn off LEDs
AT91F_PIO_SetOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, AT91B_LED_MASK );
// Clear the LED's. On the EB55 we must apply a "1" to turn off LEDs
AT91F_PIO_ClearOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, AT91B_LED_MASK );

//增加按键复位功能
//set users reset function (reset about 512*(1/32k)=16ms ok!)
AT91F_RSTSetMode(AT91C_BASE_RSTC,(8<<8)|(1<<0)); //in lib_AT91SAM7A3.h
#####
//初始化串行口
AT91F_DBGU_Init();
AT91F_US0_Init();
AT91F_US1_Init();
AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"this is SPI dataflash test!\n\r");

#####
//初始化 SPI_DataFlash
AT91F_CfgSPIForDataFlash();
//-----擦除 DATAFLASH 的某一页（第 10 页）-----
AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"Erase one pages!\n\r");
//等待 DATAFLASH 准备好

while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);
//擦除 DATAFLASH
while(AT91F_DataFlashPageErase (&DataFlash,(unsigned
char*)Buffer_Dataflash,(10*DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size),(DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size) )!=DATAFLASH_OK);
//等待擦除完

while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);

//-----写 DATAFLASH 的某一页（第 10 页）-----
AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"Write one pages!\n\r");
for(i=0;i<BUFFER_SIZE_DATAFLASH;i++) {Buffer_Write_Dataflash[i]=0xcc;
Buffer_Dataflash[i]=Buffer_Write_Dataflash[i]; }
//等待 DATAFLASH 准备好

while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);
//写数据到 DATAFLASH
while(AT91F_DataFlashPagePgmBuf(&DataFlash,(unsigned
char*)Buffer_Dataflash,(10*DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size),(DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size) )!=DATAFLASH_OK);

```

```
//等待写完
```

```
while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);
```

```
//-----读 DATAFLASH 的某一页（第 10 页）-----
```

```
AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"Read one pages!\n\r");
```

```
for(i=0;i<BUFFER_SIZE_DATAFLASH;i++) Buffer_Dataflash[i] = 0x00;
```

```
//等待 DATAFLASH 准备好
```

```
while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);
```

```
//从 DATAFLASH 读数据
```

```
while(AT91F_DataFlashPageRead(&DataFlash,(10*DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size),(unsigned char*)Buffer_Dataflash,(DataFlash.pDevice->pages_size) )!=DATAFLASH_OK);
```

```
//等待读完
```

```
while(AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc,AT91C_DATAFLASH_TIMEOUT)!=DATAFLASH_OK);
```

```
for(i=0;i<BUFFER_SIZE_DATAFLASH;i++){Buffer_Read_Dataflash[i]=Buffer_Dataflash[i];}
```

```
//比较写入与读出的数据，如果不相等，则数据出错
```

```
for(i=0;i<BUFFER_SIZE_DATAFLASH;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
if(Buffer_Read_Dataflash[i]!=0xcc) {AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"the data is error--test is failure!\n\r"); break;}
```

```
}
```

```
if(i==BUFFER_SIZE_DATAFLASH) { AT91F_USRT_Printk((AT91PS_USART)AT91C_BASE_DBGU,"the test is right!\n\r");};//写入如读出的数据相等
```

```
AT91F_SPI_Close(AT91C_BASE_SPI0);
```

```
// Loop forever
```

```
for (;;) 
```

```
{
```

```
// Once a Shot on each led
```

```
for ( i=0 ; i < AT91B_NB_LEB ; i++ )
```

```
{
```

```
AT91F_PIO_ClearOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, led_mask[i] );
```

```
wait();
```

```
AT91F_PIO_SetOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, led_mask[i] );
```

```
wait();
```

```
}// End for
```

```
// Once a Shot on each led
```

```
for ( i=(AT91B_NB_LEB-1) ; i >= 0 ; i-- )
```

```
{
```

```

        AT91F_PIO_ClearOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, led_mask[i] );
        wait();
        AT91F_PIO_SetOutput( AT91D_BASE_PIO_LED, led_mask[i] );
        wait();
    }
} // End for
} // End

```

2.3.2 重要子函数代码注释解读

以下是对几个重要的子函数进行分析：

```

/*-----
/* 函数名: AT91F_SPI0_CfgSPI
/* 功能: 配置 SPI0
/*-----
static void AT91F_SPI0_CfgSPI(void)
{
    /* 复位 SPI0
    AT91F_SPI_Reset(AT91C_BASE_SPI0);

    /* 配置 SPI0 工作在主模式--固定外设--NPCS0 片选 //如果选用不同的片选可在此处修改
    AT91F_SPI_CfgMode(AT91C_BASE_SPI0, AT91C_SPI_MSTR | AT91C_SPI_MODFDIS | (0xe<<16));

    /* 配置 8 位数据位 AT45DCB321C //可在此处设置数据位 8-16 位
    AT91F_SPI_CfgCs(AT91C_BASE_SPI0,0, AT91C_SPI_CPOL | (AT91C_SPI_DLYBS & 0x100000)
|((AT91B_MCK/(DATAFLASH_CLK)) << 8));

    /* 启动 SPI0
    AT91F_SPI_Enable(AT91C_BASE_SPI0);
}
/*-----
/* 函数名: AT91F_CfgDataFlash
/* 功能: 初始化 DataFlash 数据结构
/*-----
static void AT91F_CfgDataFlash (void)
{
    // 初始化 DATAFLASH 特性,使之适合 AT45D321C //如果选用其他型号的的 FLASH 则依据 FLASH 的
    特性, 在此修改
    DeviceAT45DB321C.pages_number = 8192;
    DeviceAT45DB321C.pages_size = 528;
    DeviceAT45DB321C.page_offset = 10;
    DeviceAT45DB321C.byte_mask = 0x300;

    // 初始化 AT91S_DataflashDesc 结构

```

```

DataflashDesc.state          = IDLE;
DataflashDesc.DataFlash_state = IDLE;

// 初始化 AT91S_DataFlash 全局结构, AT45DB321C 作为默认选择
DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc = &DataflashDesc;
DataFlash.pDevice = &DeviceAT45DB321C;
}

/*-----
/* 函数名:  AT91F_DataFlashHandler
/* 功能:   SPI0 中断处理程序
/*-----
static void AT91F_DataFlashHandler(
    AT91PS_DataflashDesc pDesc,
    unsigned int status)
{
    /* 判断是否接收完, 产生的中断
    if (( status & AT91C_SPI_RXBUFF))
    {
        if( pDesc->state == BUSY)
        {
            /*设置 DATAFLASH 的下一个状态为空闲状态,
            pDesc->state = IDLE;
            if (pDesc->DataFlash_state == GET_STATUS)
            pDesc->DataFlash_state = *((unsigned char *) (pDesc->rx_cmd_pt) +1);

            //AT91F_USRT_Printf(AT91C_BASE_US0,"receive interrupt\n\r");

            /* 禁止传输中断
            AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_IDR = AT91C_SPI_RXBUFF;
            /*允许 PDC 发送和接收 --PDC 传输控制寄存器
            AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_PTCR = AT91C_PDC_TXTDIS + AT91C_PDC_RXTDIS;
            return;
        }
    }
    /*否则状态错误
    pDesc->state = ERROR;
    // 禁止 PDC 接收和发送中断
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_PTCR = AT91C_PDC_TXTDIS + AT91C_PDC_RXTDIS;
    //禁止出 RXBUFF 之外的所有中断
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_IDR = status;
}

/*-----

```



```

/** 函数名: AT91F_SPI_Handler
/** 功能:   SPI 中断入口
/**-----
void AT91F_SPI_Handler(void)
{
    unsigned int status;
    //禁止 SPI0 中断
    AT91F_AIC_DisableIt(AT91C_BASE_AIC,AT91C_ID_SPI0);
    //-----
    //取得 SPI_SR 和 SPI_IMR ----的状态
    status=( AT91F_SPI_GetStatus (AT91C_BASE_SPI0)&AT91F_SPI_GetInterruptMaskStatus(AT91C_BASE_SPI0));
    //调用中断处理函数
    AT91F_DataFlashHandler(DataFlash.pDataFlashDesc, status);
    //-----
    // 允许 SPI1 中断
    AT91F_AIC_EnableIt(AT91C_BASE_AIC,AT91C_ID_SPI0);
}

/**-----
/**函数名:  AT91F_CfgSPIForDataFlash
/** 功能:   初始化 SPI0,与串口 DataFlash 通信
/**-----
void AT91F_CfgSPIForDataFlash(void )
{
    // ===== 初始化 SPI 接口 =====
    AT91F_USRT_Printk(AT91C_BASE_US0,"Init SPI0 Interface\n\r");
    // 初始化 SPI 作为 DataFlash 接口
    AT91F_SPI0_CfgPIO();
    //开启 SPI PMC
    AT91F_SPI0_CfgPMC();
    //允许接收缓冲区满中断---RXBUFF
    AT91F_SPI_EnableIt(AT91C_BASE_SPI0,0x1<<6);
    //配置 SPI 特性
    AT91F_SPI0_CfgSPI();
    //开启 PDC
    AT91F_PDC_Open(AT91C_BASE_PDC_SPI0);
    //配置 AT45DB321C
    AT91F_CfgDataFlash();
    // 配置 SPI 中断
    AT91F_AIC_ConfigureIt(AT91C_BASE_AIC,
        AT91C_ID_SPI0,
        SpiDataflash_SYS_LEVEL,
        AT91C_AIC_SRCTYPE_INT_HIGH_LEVEL,
        AT91F_SPI_Handler);
}

```

```
// 允许 SPI0 中断
AT91F_AIC_EnableIt(AT91C_BASE_AIC,AT91C_ID_SPI0);
}

/*-----
/* 函数名: AT91F_SpiWrite
/* 功能: 设置 PDC 传输功能
/* 说明: 此处为重先编写的直接 PDC 传输功能, 因为 SPI 接受和发送是同时的, 所以直接对寄存器操作
比较方便,
// 也可以调用库函数 AT91F_SPI_ReceiveFrame ( ) 其功能与此处相同,
// 可参考 usart.c 文件, 里面的传输采用调用库函数来实现的!
// 详细了解, 参见 DATASHEET 的 PDC 部分。
/*-----
static void AT91F_SpiWrite ( AT91PS_DataflashDesc pDesc )
{
    //设置设备的状态为忙, 等待中断清除这种状态
    pDesc->state = BUSY;

    // 禁止 PDC 接收和发送中断
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_PTCR = AT91C_PDC_TXTDIS + AT91C_PDC_RXTDIS;

    /* 初始化发送和接收指针
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_RPR = (unsigned int)pDesc->rx_cmd_pt ;
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_TPR = (unsigned int)pDesc->tx_cmd_pt ;

    /* 初始化发送和接收计数器
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_RCR = pDesc->rx_cmd_size ;
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_TCR = pDesc->tx_cmd_size ;

    if ( pDesc->tx_data_size != 0 )
    {
        /* 初始化下一个接受和发送指针
        AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_RNPR = (unsigned int)pDesc->rx_data_pt ;
        AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_TNPR = (unsigned int)pDesc->tx_data_pt ;

        /* 初始化下一个发送和接收计数器
        AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_RNCR = pDesc->rx_data_size ;
        AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_TNCR = pDesc->tx_data_size ;
    }

    /* 允许接收满中断---- RXBUFF
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_IER = AT91C_SPI_RXBUFF;
    /* PDC 传输控制----- 允许 PDC 传输和接收
    AT91C_BASE_SPI0->SPI_PTCR = AT91C_PDC_TXTEN + AT91C_PDC_RXTEN;
```

```
}

/**-----
/** 函数名:   AT91F_DataFlashGetStatus
/** 功能:     读 DATAFLASH 的状态
/**-----
static AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashGetStatus(AT91PS_DataflashDesc pDesc)
{
    /** 如果数据传输没有结束 ==> 返回 0
    if( (pDesc->state) != IDLE)
        return DATAFLASH_BUSY;
    /** 首先发送和读取状态命令(D7H)
    pDesc->command[0] = DB_STATUS;
    pDesc->command[1] = 0;

    pDesc->DataFlash_state = GET_STATUS;
    pDesc->tx_data_size = 0; /** 传输命令, 接收读取的状态----非数据传输
    pDesc->tx_cmd_pt = pDesc->command;
    pDesc->rx_cmd_pt = pDesc->command;
    pDesc->rx_cmd_size = 2;
    pDesc->tx_cmd_size = 2;
    AT91F_SpiWrite (pDesc);
    return DATAFLASH_OK;
}

/**-----
/** 函数名: AT91F_DataFlashSendCommand
/** 功能: 通过 SPI 发送命令到 dataflash
/**-----
static AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashSendCommand (
    AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,
    unsigned char OpCode,
    unsigned int CmdSize,
    unsigned int DataflashAddress)
{
    unsigned int adr;

    if ( (pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->state) != IDLE)
        return DATAFLASH_BUSY;

    /** process the address to obtain page address and byte address
    adr = ((DataflashAddress / (pDataFlash->pDevice->pages_size)) << pDataFlash->pDevice->page_offset) +
    (DataflashAddress % (pDataFlash->pDevice->pages_size));
```

```

    /* fill the command buffer */
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[0] = OpCode;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[1] = (unsigned char)((adr & 0x00FF0000) >> 16);
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[2] = (unsigned char)((adr & 0x0000FF00) >> 8);
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[3] = (unsigned char)(adr & 0x000000FF);
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[4] = 0;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[5] = 0;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[6] = 0;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command[7] = 0;

    /* Initialize the SpiData structure for the spi write fuction */
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_cmd_pt = pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_cmd_size = CmdSize;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_cmd_pt = pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->command;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_cmd_size = CmdSize;

    /* send the command and read the data */
    AT91F_SpiWrite (pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc);

    return DATAFLASH_OK;
}

/**-----
/** 函数名: AT91F_DataFlashPageRead
/** 功能: 读取 DATAFLASH 的某一页
/**-----
AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPageRead (
    AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,
    unsigned int src,
    unsigned char *dataBuffer,
    int sizeToRead )
{
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_pt = dataBuffer; /* 读操作缓冲区的地址
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_size = sizeToRead; /* 读数据大小
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_pt = dataBuffer;
    pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_size = sizeToRead;

    /* 发送读命令到 dataflash
    return (AT91F_DataFlashSendCommand (pDataFlash, DB_PAGE_READ, 8, src));
}

/**-----
/** 函数名:AT91F_DataFlashPagePgmBuf

```

/** 功能：通过缓冲区 1 或缓冲区 2 向 DATAFLASH 写一页数据

/**-----

AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPagePgmBuf(

AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,

unsigned char *src,

unsigned int dest,

unsigned int SizeToWrite)

{

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_pt = src ;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_size = SizeToWrite ;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_pt = src;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_size = SizeToWrite;

/* 发送写命令到 dataflash */

return(AT91F_DataFlashSendCommand (pDataFlash,DB_PAGE_PGM_BUF1, 4, dest));

}

/**-----

/** 函数名： AT91F_DataFlashPageErase

/** 功能： 通过缓冲区 1 或缓冲区 2 擦除 DATAFLASH

/**-----

AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPageErase(

AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,

unsigned char *src,

unsigned int address,

unsigned int SizeToWrite)

{

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_pt = src ;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->tx_data_size = SizeToWrite ;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_pt = src;

pDataFlash->pDataFlashDesc->rx_data_size = SizeToWrite;

/* 发送擦除命令到 dataflash */

return(AT91F_DataFlashSendCommand (pDataFlash, DB_PAGE_ERASE, 4, address));

}

/**-----

/** 函数名： AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady

/** 功能： 等待 DATAFLASH 操作完 (bit7 of the status register == 1)

/**-----

AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady(AT91PS_DataflashDesc pDataFlashDesc, unsigned int timeout)

{

unsigned int i;

```

pDataFlashDesc->DataFlash_state = IDLE;

do
{
    AT91F_DataFlashGetStatus(pDataFlashDesc);
    timeout--;
    // 简单的等待
    for(i=0;i<10;i++);
}
while( ((pDataFlashDesc->DataFlash_state & 0x80) != 0x80) && (timeout>0) );

if((pDataFlashDesc->DataFlash_state & 0x80) != 0x80)
    return DATAFLASH_ERROR;

return DATAFLASH_OK;
}
/*
//#####附注：供外部调用的函数#####
extern void AT91F_CfgSPIForDataFlash(void); //dataflash 初始化
extern AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPageRead ( //读 FLASH 的一页
    AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,
    unsigned int src,
    unsigned char *dataBuffer,
    int sizeToRead );
extern AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPagePgmBuf( //写一页
    AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,
    unsigned char *src,
    unsigned int dest,
    unsigned int SizeToWrite);
extern AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashPageErase( //擦除一页
    AT91PS_DataFlash pDataFlash,
    unsigned char *src,
    unsigned int address,
    unsigned int SizeToWrite);
extern AT91S_DataFlashStatus AT91F_DataFlashWaitReady( //取得 DATAFLASH 的状态
    AT91PS_DataflashDesc pDataFlashDesc,
    unsigned int timeout);
//#####
*/

```

2.3.3 运行结果

在终端上显示如下：

```
1 // SPI flash initialization failed
2 this is SPI dataflash test!
3 Erase one pages!
4 write one pages!
5 Read one pages!
6 the test is right!
```

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